Las Positas

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Course Outline for FST 2

PRINCIPLES OF FIRE AND EMERGENCY SERVICES SAFETY AND SURVIVAL

Effective: Fall 2020

I. CATALOG DESCRIPTION:

FST 2 — PRINCIPLES OF FIRE AND EMERGENCY SERVICES SAFETY AND SURVIVAL — 3.00 units

This course introduces the basic principles and history related to the national firefighter life safety initiatives, focusing on the need for cultural and behavior change throughout the emergency services; assessing fire dangers and handling common fire situations; risk abatement and personal preparation for unforeseen fire emergencies; roles and responsibilities in educating the public on fire safety, development of a survival attitude using problem-solving techniques for increased situational awareness and self-reliance in an emergency.

3.00 Units Lecture

Grading Methods:

Letter Grade

Discipline:

Fire Technology

MIN **Lecture Hours:** 54.00 **Expected Outside** 108.00 of Class Hours: **Total Hours:** 162.00

- II. NUMBER OF TIMES COURSE MAY BE TAKEN FOR CREDIT: 1
- III. PREREQUISITE AND/OR ADVISORY SKILLS:
- IV. MEASURABLE OBJECTIVES:

Upon completion of this course, the student should be able to:

- A. Define and describe the need for cultural and behavioral change within the emergency services relating to safety, incorporating leadership, supervision, accountability and personal responsibility

 B. Explain the need for enhancement of personal and organizational accountability for health and safety, and the logistical role of
- personal accountability systems and Rapid Intervention Crews
- C. Define how the concepts of risk management affect strategic and tactical decision-making;
 D. Describe and evaluate circumstances that might constitute an unsafe act
- E. Explain the concept of empowering all emergency services personnel to stop unsafe acts
- Validate the need for national training standards as they correlate to professional development inclusive of qualifications, certifications, and re-certifications
- Defend the need for annual medical evaluations and the establishment of physical fitness criteria for emergency services personnel throughout their careers
- Explain the vital role of local departments in national research and data collection systems
- Illustrate how technical advancements can produce higher levels of emergency services safety and survival
- Explain the importance of investigating all near misses, injuries, and fatalities
- K. Discuss how incorporating the lessons learned from investigations can support cultural change throughout the emergency services, especially when firefighter and civilian injuries and deaths are factors
- Describe how obtaining grants can support safety and survival initiatives
- M. Formulate an awareness of how adopting standardized policies for responding to emergency scenes can minimize near-misses, injuries, and deaths
- N. Explain how the increase in violent incidents impacts safety of emergency services personnel when responding to emergency scenes O. Recognize the need for counseling and psychological support for emergency services personnel, their families, as well as identify
- access to local resources and services
- Describe the importance of public education as a critical component of life safety programs

 Describe the importance of fire sprinklers and code enforcement

 Explain the importance of safety in the design of apparatus and equipment

- R. Explain the importance of safety in the design of apparatus and equipment

 Explain the general safety precautions to implement for all emergencies

 T. Describe the procedures for responding on emergency vehicles

 U. Describe the safety considerations when handling energized electrical equipment incidents

 V. Describe the components of structural personal protective equipment and personal alert safety systems

 W. Describe safety considerations for incidents involving structure fires and structural collapse

 Y. Evaluity considerations when performing fire around operations involving ventilation, fire extinguising the structure of the safety considerations when performing fire around operations involving ventilation, fire extinguising the safety considerations.
- Explain safety considerations when performing fire ground operations involving ventilation, fire extinguishment, and hose line advancement

- Y. Explain safety considerations and procedures for vehicle fires and traffic control devices;
- A@. Identify and explain the 16 safety initiatives
- AA. Explain concepts of risk management and mitigation as it pertains to emergency services

V. CONTENT:

- A. Introduction
 - 1. History of fire service culture

 - Organizational culture
 Individual role in culture/behavior
 History of line of duty deaths and injuries statistics
 Defining the nature of the problem
- B. The national context, health and safety

 - National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)
 Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)
 - 3. Medical and fitness standards
 - 4. Data collections (National Fire Incident Report System)
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 Research/Investigation
 a. National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)
 b. National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH)
 C. Training, Equipment, Response
 1. Certification and credentialing
 2. Fundamental rescue considerations
- - - a. Recognition of personal limitations
 b. Tools of the trade

 - Safety considerations during search and rescue
- d. Basic rescue

 1. Emergency procedures
 2. Rescue techniques
 D. Fire fighting apparatus and equipment
 1. Apparatus
 - - a. Design standards for new apparatus
 b. Licensing and certifications for vehicle operations
 c. Safety considerations when operating vehicles
 - Equipment
 - 3. Fire fighting devices
 - a. Fire extinguishers
 - b. Hose lines
 - c. Devices improvised in response to specific situations
 - 4. Fire fighters personal protective equipment (PPE)

 - a. Reasons for wearingb. Reasons for failure of clothing
 - c. Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA)
 - Aire consumption
 SCBA Emergencies
 Personal alarm safety system (PASS)
- E. Safe and competent response
 - 1. Role of fire department organization

 - a. Policies and procedures
 b. Enforcement of training standards
- Responding to emergency scenes
 Handling emergency situations
 a. Preplanning for emergencies
 b. Fire and health danger assessment b. Fire and health danger assessr
 c. Evacuating premises
 d. Emergency information report
 4. Fire protection in open area
 a. Wildland
 b. Transportation
 c. Storage
 5. Safety precautions
 a. Structure fires
 b. Vehicle fires
 c. Wildland fires
 d. Violent incidents
 e. All other emergency situations
 F. Firefighter survival training
 1. Developing a survival attitude
- - Developing a survival attitude
 a. Potential for serious injury and death
 - b. Situational awareness
 - 2. Mayday
 - a. Preventing a Mayday
 - 1. Importance of thorough scene size-up
 - Preincident planning procedures
 - b. Situations that create or may create a Mayday
 - c. Mayday procedures
 - 3. SCBA emergencies
 - a. NFPĂ 1404
 - Standards for fire service respiratory protection training
 Individual air management program
 - b. Air consumption for survival
 - Consumption rate testing
 Reducing consumption
 - c. Checking SCBA 1. Daily check
- 2. Emergency procedures check
 d. Common SCBA emergencies
 e. Alternative means of obtaining additional air
 G. Organizational Health and Safety Profile
- - 1. Personal and organizational accountability

- 2. Present condition/culture
- 3. Investigations internal
- 4. Analyzing your profile
 5. Utilizing grants to meet needs
 H. Risk management
- - Risk management concepts and practices
 Unsafe acts

 - 3. Empowerment definition
- I. Prevention
 - 1. Common fire and health hazards
 - a. Housekeeping
 - b. Electrical
 - c. Flammable gasses and liquids
 d. Common hazardous substances
 2. Fire detection devices for the home and/or workplace

 - Fire detection devices for the home a

 Selection
 Operation
 Maintenance

 Home fire sprinklers
 Code enforcement
 Public education / fire and life safety

 Roles and responsibilities
 Principles of fire behavior
 Human behavior in fire

 Counseling and psychological suppo 6. Counseling and psychological support

VI. METHODS OF INSTRUCTION:

- A. Audiovisual aids
 B. Lecture C. Group discussion
 D. Field Trips E. Online research assignments
- F. Simulated problem solving
 G. Simulations Directed ONLINE learning through modules on Canvas

VII. TYPICAL ASSIGNMENTS:

- A. As a member of a research group, prepare and deliver a fire service safety resource contact presentation.

 B. Prepare a written analysis based on research of the 16 Firefighter Life Safety Initiatives.

 C. Explain the need for a cultural change in the firefighting profession.

VIII. EVALUATION:

Methods/Frequency

- A. Exams/Tests
 - one midterm and one written final exam
 - B. Quizzes
- weekly
 C. Oral Presentation
 - one
- D. Group Projects
 - one
- E. Class Participation daily F. Home Work
 - weekly

IX. TYPICAL TEXTS:

- IAFC and NFPA. Fundamentals of Firefighter Skills. 4th edition ed., Jones and Barlett Publishing, 2018.
 Zimmerman, Don. Firefighter Safety and Survival. 2nd ed., Jones and Bartlett Learning, 2015.
 Ford, Travis. Fire and Emergency Services Safety and Survival. 2nd ed., Pearson, 2017.

X. OTHER MATERIALS REQUIRED OF STUDENTS:

A. LPC Fire Service Technology Uniform